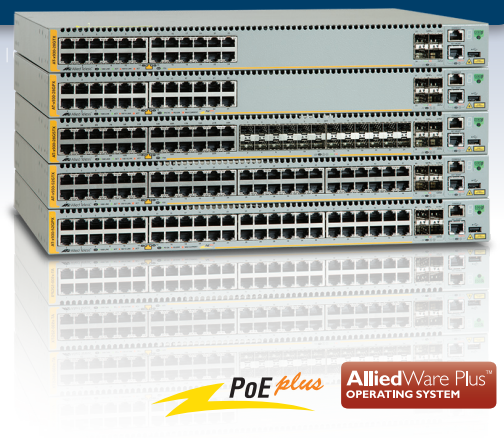
Allied Telesis

x930 Series

ADVANCED GIGABIT LAYER 3 STACKABLE SWITCHES



The Allied Telesis x930 Series of stackable Gigabit Layer 3 switches provide resiliency, reliability and high performance, making them ideal for distribution and network core solutions.

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches are a high-performing and feature-rich choice for today's networks. With a choice of 24- and 48-port models with 10Gigabit uplink ports, plus the power of Allied Telesis Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack™) with up to 160Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch, the x930 Series have the flexibility and performance for key network connectivity.

Unified network management

The x930 Series has the capability to manage large-scale wired and wireless networks on a single platform to reduce complexity and increase administrative consistency. The Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is the key to unifying network management. It saves time and reduces cost by automating many every day network management tasks.

Management of Allied Telesis TQ Series wireless access points is now possible directly from the x930 Series with the Wireless Manager. Provisioning, operation, administration, and maintenance for the entire enterprise wireless infrastructure, can be performed centrally thereby reducing TCO and improving the user experience.

For even more benefits, AMF can be combined with the Wireless Manager to reduce the burden of managing, upgrading, and troubleshooting both wired and wireless networks, which further reduces costs and improves service levels across the entire network.

Network resiliency

The convergence of network services in the enterprise has led to increasing demand for highly available networks with minimal downtime. VCStack, in conjunction with link aggregation, provides a network with no single point of failure and an easy, resilient solution for high availability applications.

The x930 Series can form a VCStack of up to eight units for enhanced resiliency and simplified device management. Stacks can be created over long distance fiber links with VCStack LD (Long Distance), making the x930 Series the perfect choice for distributed environments.

The addition of Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™) resilient ring protocol ensures distributed network segments have high-speed, resilient access to online resources and applications.

Reliable

The x930 Series was designed with reliability in mind, and guarantees continual delivery of essential services. With dual hot-swappable load-sharing power supplies and near-hitless online stack reconfiguration, maintenance may be performed without affecting network uptime.

Secure

Advanced security features protect the network from the edge to the core. The x930 Series offers powerful control over network traffic types, protection against network attacks, secure management options, loop guard to detect cabling mistakes, and tri-authentication for comprehensive end-point access control.

Future-proof

The x930 Series ensures a futureproof network, with superior flexibility coupled with the ability to stack multiple units. All x930 Series models feature 10 Gigabit uplinks ports and a comprehensive IPv6 feature set, to ensure they are ready for future network traffic demands. All x930 Series switches are Software Defined Networking (SDN) ready and will support OpenFlow v1.3 in the near future.

Environmentally friendly

eco friendly

The x930 Series supports Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), automatically reducing the power consumed by the switch whenever there is no traffic on a port. This sophisticated feature can significantly reduce operating costs by reducing the power requirements of the switch and any associated cooling equipment.

New Features

- Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF)
- Wireless Manager for TQ series access points
- QSFP+ stacking module
- SDN ready
- Dual-rate SFP+ module support

VCStack™ EPSRing™ AMF™

Key Features

Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF)

» Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.

» Any x930 Series switch can operate as the AMF network master, storing firmware and configuration backups for up to 20 other network nodes. The AMF master enables auto-provisioning and auto-upgrade by providing appropriate files to new network members. New network devices can be pre-provisioned making installation easy because no on-site configuration is required.

VCStack (Virtual Chassis Stacking)

» Create a VCStack of up to eight units with 40Gbps (or 160Gbps with the AT-StackQS model) of stacking bandwidth on each unit. Stacking links are connected in a ring so each device has dual connections to further improve resiliency. VCStack provides a highly available system where network resources are spread out across stacked units, reducing the impact if one of the units fails. Aggregating switch ports on different units across the stack provides excellent network resiliency.

Long-distance Stacking

» Long-distance stacking allows a VCStack to be created over longer distances, perfect for a distributed network environment.

EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Ring)

» EPSRing and 10 Gigabit Ethernet allow several switches to form high-speed protected rings capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. This feature is perfect for high performance and high availability at the core of enterprise or provider access networks.

» Superloop Protection enables a link between two EPSR nodes to be in separate EPSR domains, improving redundancy and network fault resiliency.

Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF Lite)

» VRF Lite provides Layer 3 network virtualization by dividing a single switch into multiple independent virtual routing domains. With independent routing domains, IP addresses can overlap without causing conflict, allowing multiple customers to have their own secure virtual network within the same physical infrastructure.

Loop Protection

» Thrash limiting, also known as rapid MAC movement, detects and resolves network loops. It is highly user-configurable — from the rate of looping traffic to the type of action the switch should take when it detects a loop.

» With thrash limiting, the switch only detects a loop when a storm has occurred, which can potentially cause disruption to the network. To avoid this, loop detection works in conjunction with thrash limiting to send special Loop Detection Frame (LDF) packets that the switch listens for. If a port receives an LDF packet, you can choose to disable the port, disable the link, or send an SNMP trap. This feature can help to detect loops before a network storm occurs, avoiding the risk and inconvenience of traffic disruption.

Power over Ethernet Plus (PoE+)

» With PoE, a separate power connection to media endpoints such as IP phones and wireless access points is not necessary. PoE+ reduces costs and provides even greater flexibility, providing the capability to connect devices requiring more power (up to 30 Watts) such as, tilt and zoom security cameras.

High Reliability

» The x930 series switches feature front to back cooling and dual power supply units (PSUs). The x930 features dual hot-swappable load sharing power supplies for maximum uptime, and the option of either front-to-back or back-to-front cooling. This makes it ideal for use as a top-of-rack data center switch.

Voice VLAN

» Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice-dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

Multicast Support

» Multicast support ensures streaming video traffic is efficiently managed and forwarded in today's converged networks.

Open Shortest Path First (OSPFv3)

» OSPF is a scalable and adaptive routing protocol for IP networks. The addition of OSPFv3 adds support for IPv6 and further strengthens the Allied Telesis focus on next generation networking.

sFlow

» sFlow is an industry-standard technology for monitoring high-speed switched networks. It provides complete visibility into network use, enabling performance optimization, usage accounting/billing, and defense against security threats. Sampled packets sent to a collector ensure it always has a real-time view of network traffic.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

» DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments, and also provides a traceable history, which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

Premium Software License

» By default, the x930 Series offers a comprehensive Layer 2 and basic Layer 3 feature set that includes static routing and IPv6 management features. The feature set can easily be elevated to full Layer 3 by applying the premium software license. This adds dynamic routing protocols and Layer 3 multicasting capabilities.

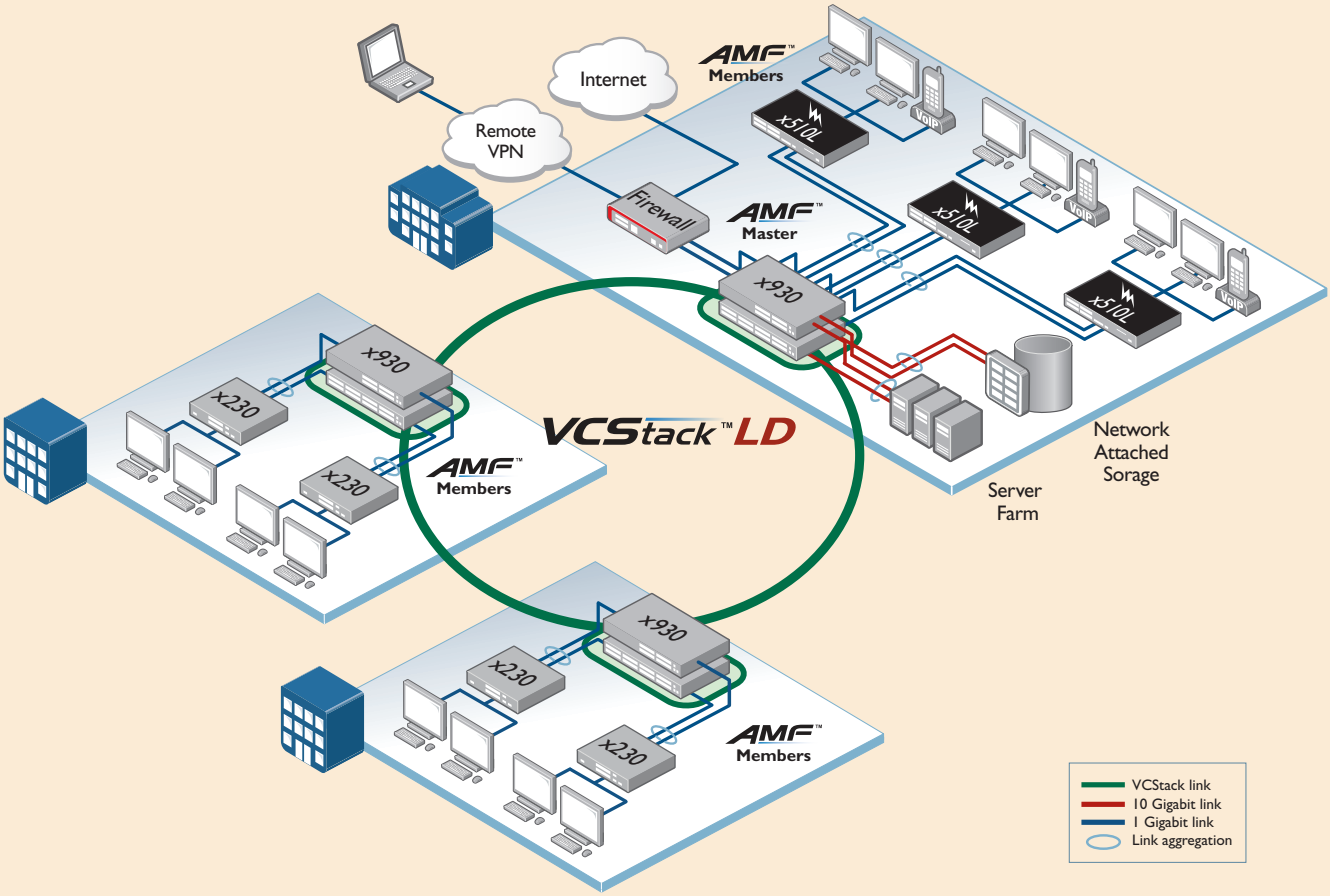
Find Me

» In busy server rooms, comprised of a large number of equipment racks, it can be quite a job finding the correct switch quickly among many similar units. The "find me" feature is a simple visual way to quickly identify the desired physical switch for maintenance or other purposes, by causing its LEDs to flash in a specified pattern.

Wireless Manager

» The Allied Telesis Wireless Manager has been designed specifically to meet the requirements of enterprise organizations and addresses key concerns about mobility, security, and TCO. The Wireless Manager is embedded within the operating system of the switch so no separate server is required. It is able to control a number of Allied Telesis TQ Series wireless access points and can centralize the provisioning, operation, administration, and maintenance for the entire enterprise wireless infrastructure.

Key Solutions



Distributed Network Core

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches are ideal for core and distribution solutions, where resiliency and flexibility are required. In the above diagram, long distance Virtual Chassis Stacking (VCStack-LD) is used to create a single virtual unit out of multiple devices. The increased distance provided by fiber stacking connectivity means that members of the virtual chassis do not need to be co-located. Instead, they can be kilometers apart – perfect for a distributed network environment.

When combined with link aggregation to access switches, this provides a solution with no single point of failure that fully utilizes all network bandwidth, and ensures high availability of data for network users.

AMF allows this large distributed network to be managed as a single virtual entity, greatly reducing administration and automating many day to day tasks.

Allied Telesis x930 Series switches support enterprises and their use of business-critical online resources and applications, with a resilient and reliable solution.

Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	1/10 GIGABIT SFP+ PORTS	10 GIGABIT STACKING PORTS	MODULE SLOTS	POE+ ENABLED PORTS	SWITCHING FABRIC	FORWARDING RATE
AT-x930-28GTX	24	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
AT-x930-28GPX	24	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	24	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
AT-x930-28GSTX	24 (combo)	24 (combo)	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	288Gbps	214.3Mpps
AT-x930-52GTX	48	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	-	336Gbps	250Mpps
AT-x930-52GPX	48	-	4 (2 if stacked)	2*	1	48	336Gbps	250Mpps

* Stacking ports can be configured as additional 1G/10G Ethernet ports when unit is not stacked, or if StackQS module is used

Performance

» 40Gbps of stacking bandwidth per switch using front panel 10G SFP+ ports
» 160Gbps of bandwidth per switch using optional AT-StackQS stacking module
» Supports 13KB jumbo frames
» Wirespeed multicasting
» 4094 configurable VLANs
» Up to 64K MAC addresses
» 2GB DDR SDRAM, 256MB flash memory
» Packet buffer memory: AT-x930-28 - 2MB
AT-x930-52 - 4MB

Reliability

» Modular AlliedWare Plus operating system
» Internal dual hot-swappable PSUs, providing uninterrupted power and extra reliability
» Full environmental monitoring of PSUs, fans, temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure

Expandability

» Stack up to eight units in a VCStack
» Versatile licensing options for additional features

Flexibility and Compatibility

» Gigabit SFP ports on x930-28GSTX will support any combination of Allied Telesis 100Mbps and 1000Mbps SFP modules listed in this document under Ordering Information
» 10G SFP+ ports will support any combination of Allied Telesis 1000Mbps SFP and 10GbE SFP+ modules and direct attach cables listed in this document under Ordering Information
» Port speed and duplex configuration can be set manually or by auto-negotiation
» Front-panel SFP+ stacking ports can be configured as 1G/10G Ethernet ports

Diagnostic Tools

» Built-In Self Test (BIST)
» Cable fault locator (TDR)
» Find-me device locator
» Hardware health monitoring
» Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
» Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
» Ping polling for IPv4 and IPv6
» Port mirroring
» TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6

IPv4 Features

» Black hole routing
» Directed broadcast forwarding
» DNS relay
» Equal Cost Multi Path (ECMP) routing
» Policy-based routing
» Route maps and redistribution (OSPF, BGP, RIP)
» Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv4
» UDP broadcast helper (IP helper)
» Up to 64 Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF lite) domains (with license)

IPv6 Features

» DHCPv6 client and relay
» DNSv6 client and relay
» IPv4 and IPv6 dual stack
» IPv6 aware storm protection and QoS
» IPv6 hardware ACLs
» Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
» Log to IPv6 hosts with Syslog v6
» NTPv6 client and server
» Static unicast and multicast routing for IPv6

Management

» Front panel 7-segment LED provides at-a-glance status and fault information
» Allied Telesis Management Framework (AMF) enables powerful centralized management and zero-touch device installation and recovery
» Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
» Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
» Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
» Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
» Out-of-band 10/100/1000T Ethernet management port
» Powerful CLI scripting engine
» Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standards-based device management
» Built-in text editor
» Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
» USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
» Wireless Manager (UWC) enables visibility and control of TQ-series wireless access points (with license)

Quality of Service

» 8 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
» Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
» Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
» IPv6 QoS support
» Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
» Policy-based storm protection
» Extensive remarking capabilities
» Taildrop for queue congestion control
» Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
» IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

» Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
» Dynamic link failover (host attach)
» EPSRing (Ethernet Protection Switched Rings) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP) and enhanced recovery for extra resiliency
» Long-Distance stacking (LD-VCStack)
» Loop protection: loop detection and thrash limiting
» PVST+ compatibility mode
» STP root guard
» VCStack fast failover minimizes network disruption

Security Features

» Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on layer 3 and 4 headers
» Configurable auth-fail and guest VLANs
» Authentication, Authorisation and Accounting (AAA)
» Bootloader can be password protected for device security
» BPDU protection
» DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
» DoS attack blocking and virus throttling
» Dynamic VLAN assignment
» MAC address filtering and MAC address lock-down
» Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
» Port-based learn limits (intrusion detection)
» Private VLANs provide security and port isolation for multiple customers using the same VLAN
» Secure Copy (SCP)
» Strong password security and encryption
» Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1x

Environmental Specifications

» Operating temperature range:
0°C to 50°C (32°F to 122°F) AT-x930-GTX models and AT-x930-28GSTX
0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) AT-x930-GPX models
Derated by 1°C per 305 meters (1,000 ft)

» Storage temperature range:
-25°C to 70°C (-13°F to 158°F)

» Operating relative humidity range:
5% to 90% non-condensing

» Storage relative humidity range:
5% to 95% non-condensing

» Operating altitude:
3,048 meters maximum (10,000 ft)

Electrical Approvals and Compliances

» EMC: EN55022 class A, FCC class A, VCCI class A, ICES-003 class A

» Immunity: EN55024, EN61000-3-levels 2 (Harmonics), and 3 (Flicker) – AC models only

Safety

» Standards: UL60950-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1-03, EN60950-1, EN60825-1, AS/NZS 60950.1

» Certification: UL, cUL

Restrictions on Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Compliance

» EU RoHS compliant

» China RoHS compliant

Country of Origin

» Indonesia

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH	DEPTH	HEIGHT	MOUNTING	WEIGHT	
					UNPACKAGED	PACKAGED
AT-x930-28GTX	440 mm (17.32 in)	420 mm (16.54 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)
AT-x930-28GPX	440 mm (17.32 in)	420 mm (16.54 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)
AT-x930-28GSTX	440 mm (17.32 in)	420 mm (16.54 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)
AT-x930-52GTX	440 mm (17.32 in)	420 mm (16.54 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.1 kg (11.2 lb)	7.1 kg (15.7 lb)
AT-x930-52GPX	440 mm (17.32 in)	420 mm (16.54 in)	44 mm (1.73 in)	Rack-mount	5.2 kg (11.5 lb)	7.2 kg (15.9 lb)
AT-StackQS	141 mm (5.56 in)	96.5 mm (3.80 in)	40.3 mm (1.59 in)	Module	0.2 kg (0.44 lb)	1.2 kg (2.65 lb)

Power and Noise Characteristics

PRODUCT	NO POE LOAD			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR800)			FULL POE+ LOAD (PWR1200)		
	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE
AT-x930-28GTX	84W	285 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
AT-x930-28GPX	84W	286 BTU/h	44.7 dBA	564W	287 BTU/h	45.8 dBA	808W	301 BTU/h	56.0 dBA
AT-x930-28GSTX	97W	329 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
AT-x930-52GTX	95W	323 BTU/h	39.7 dBA	-	-	-	-	-	-
AT-x930-52GPX	97W	330 BTU/h	44.7 dBA	577W	331 BTU/h	45.8 dBA	880W	341 BTU/h	56.0 dBA

Noise: tested to ISO7779; front bystander position

Power Supply Requirements

» AC voltage: 90 to 260V (auto-ranging)

» Frequency: 47 to 63Hz

» DC voltage: 40 to 60VDC (for PWR250-80 PSU only)

Latency (microseconds)

PRODUCT	PORT SPEED			
	10MBPS	100MBPS	1GBPS	10GBPS
AT-x930-28GTX	47.4µs	7.9µs	3.7µs	2.6µs
AT-x930-28GPX	47.4µs	7.9µs	3.7µs	2.6µs
AT-x930-28GSTX	47.4µs	7.6µs (Fiber)	3.6µs (Fiber)	2.6µs
AT-x930-52GTX	47.4µs	7.9µs	3.7µs	2.6µs
AT-x930-52GPX	47.4µs	7.9µs	3.7µs	2.6µs

Power over Ethernet Power Supply Combinations

PSU INSTALLED	POE POWER AVAILABLE	MAXIMUM POE PORTS SUPPORTED				MAX REDUNDANT POE POWER
		CLASS 1 (4.0W)	CLASS 2 (7.0W)	CLASS 3 (15.4.W)	CLASS 4 (30W)	
PWR800	480W	48	48	31	16	-
PWR800 + PWR800	960W	48	48	48	32	480W
PWR1200	780W	48	48	48	26	-
PWR1200 + PWR1200	1560W	48	48	48	48	780W

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System
Version 5.4.5

Authentication
RFC 1321 MD5 Message-Digest algorithm
RFC 1828 IP authentication using keyed MD5

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)
BGP dynamic capability
BGP outbound route filtering
RFC 1772 Application of the Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) in the Internet
RFC 1997 BGP communities attribute
RFC 2385 Protection of BGP sessions via the TCP MD5 signature option
RFC 2439 BGP route flap damping
RFC 2545 Use of BGP-4 multiprotocol extensions for IPv6 inter-domain routing
RFC 2858 Multiprotocol extensions for BGP-4
RFC 2918 Route refresh capability for BGP-4
RFC 3392 Capabilities advertisement with BGP-4
RFC 3882 Configuring BGP to block Denial-of-Service (DoS) attacks
RFC 4271 Border Gateway Protocol 4 (BGP-4)
RFC 4360 BGP extended communities
RFC 4456 BGP route reflection - an alternative to full mesh iBGP
RFC 4724 BGP graceful restart
RFC 4893 BGP support for four-octet AS number space
RFC 5065 Autonomous system confederations for BGP

Encryption
FIPS 180-1 Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)
FIPS 186 Digital signature standard (RSA)
FIPS 46-3 Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)

Ethernet Standards
IEEE 802.1AX Link aggregation (static and LACP)
IEEE 802.2 Logical Link Control (LLC)
IEEE 802.3 Ethernet
IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T
IEEE 802.3ad Static and dynamic link aggregation
IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)
IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+)
IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)
IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X
IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Standards
RFC 768 User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791 Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793 Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826 Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over Ethernet networks
RFC 919 Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922 Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the presence of subnets
RFC 932 Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950 Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 951 Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
RFC 1027 Proxy ARP
RFC 1035 DNS client
RFC 1042 Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071 Computing the Internet checksum
RFC 1122 Internet host requirements
RFC 1191 Path MTU discovery
RFC 1256 ICMP router discovery messages
RFC 1518 An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR
RFC 1519 Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1542 Clarifications and extensions for BootP
RFC 1591 Domain Name System (DNS)
RFC 1812 Requirements for IPv4 routers
RFC 1918 IP addressing
RFC 2581 TCP congestion control

IPv6 Standards
RFC 1981 Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460 IPv6 specification
RFC 2464 Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet networks
RFC 3056 Connection of IPv6 domains via IPv4 clouds
RFC 3484 Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 3596 DNS extensions to support IPv6
RFC 4007 IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193 Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4291 IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443 Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861 Neighbor discovery for IPv6
RFC 4862 IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration (SLAAC)
RFC 5014 IPv6 socket API for source address selection
RFC 5095 Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
RFC 5175 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
RFC 6105 IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard

Management
AT Enterprise MIB including AMF MIB and SNMP traps
SNMPv1, v2c and v3
IEEE 802.1AB Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)
RFC 1155 Structure and identification of management information for TCP/IP-based Internets
RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)
RFC 1212 Concise MIB definitions
RFC 1213 MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based Internets: MIB-II
RFC 1215 Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
RFC 1227 SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
RFC 1239 Standard MIB
RFC 1724 RIPv2 MIB extension
RFC 2011 SNMPv2 MIB for IP using SMIv2
RFC 2012 SNMPv2 MIB for TCP using SMIv2
RFC 2013 SNMPv2 MIB for UDP using SMIv2
RFC 2096 IP forwarding table MIB
RFC 2578 Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)
RFC 2579 Textual conventions for SMIv2
RFC 2580 Conformance statements for SMIv2
RFC 2674 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions
RFC 2741 Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
RFC 2787 Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
RFC 2819 RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
RFC 2863 Interfaces group MIB
RFC 3164 Syslog protocol
RFC 3176 sFlow: a method for monitoring traffic in switched and routed networks
RFC 3411 An architecture for describing SNMP management frameworks
RFC 3412 Message processing and dispatching for the SNMP
RFC 3413 SNMP applications
RFC 3414 User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
RFC 3415 View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
RFC 3416 Version 2 of the protocol operations for the SNMP
RFC 3417 Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 3418 MIB for SNMP
RFC 3621 Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 3635 Definitions of managed objects for the Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636 IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4188 Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4318 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP
RFC 4560 Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, traceroute and lookup operations
RFC 6527 Definitions of managed objects for VRRPv3

Multicast Support
Bootstrap Router (BSR) mechanism for PIM-SM
IGMP query solicitation
IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3)
IGMP snooping fast-leave
IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy)
MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2)
PIM-SM and SSM for IPv6
RFC 1112 Host extensions for IP multicasting (IGMPv1)
RFC 2236 Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2)
RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6
RFC 2715 Interoperability rules for multicast routing protocols
RFC 3306 Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses
RFC 3376 IGMPv3
RFC 3810 Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for IPv6
RFC 3956 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address
RFC 3973 PIM Dense Mode (DM)
RFC 4541 IGMP and MLD snooping switches
RFC 4601 Protocol Independent Multicast - Sparse Mode (PIM-SM): protocol specification (revised)
RFC 4604 Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific multicast
RFC 4607 Source-specific multicast for IP

Open Shortest Path First (OSPF)
OSPF link-local signaling
OSPF MD5 authentication
OSPF restart signaling
Out-of-band LSDB resync
RFC 1245 OSPF protocol analysis
RFC 1246 Experience with the OSPF protocol
RFC 1370 Applicability statement for OSPF
RFC 1765 OSPF database overflow
RFC 2328 OSPFv2
RFC 2370 OSPF opaque LSA option
RFC 2740 OSPFv3 for IPv6
RFC 3101 OSPF Not-So-Stubby Area (NSSA) option
RFC 3509 Alternative implementations of OSPF area border routers
RFC 3623 Graceful OSPF restart
RFC 3630 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPF
RFC 4552 Authentication/confidentiality for OSPFv3
RFC 5329 Traffic engineering extensions to OSPFv3

Quality of Service (QoS)
IEEE 802.1p Priority tagging
RFC 2211 Specification of the controlled-load network element service
RFC 2474 DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port
RFC 2475 DiffServ architecture
RFC 2597 DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)
RFC 2697 A single-rate three-color marker
RFC 2698 A two-rate three-color marker
RFC 3246 DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)

Resiliency
IEEE 802.1D MAC bridges
IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
RFC 5798 Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol version 3 (VRRPv3) for IPv4 and IPv6

Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 1058 Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
RFC 2080 RIPng for IPv6
RFC 2081 RIPng protocol applicability statement
RFC 2082 RIP-2 MD5 authentication
RFC 2453 RIPv2

Security

SSH remote login
SSLv2 and SSLv3
TACACS+ accounting and authentication
IEEE 802.1X authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP and MD5)
IEEE 802.1X multi-supplicant authentication
IEEE 802.1X port-based network access control
RFC 2246 TLS protocol v1.0
RFC 2818 HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 2865 RADIUS
RFC 2866 RADIUS accounting
RFC 2868 RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 3280 Internet X.509 PKI Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) profile
RFC 3546 Transport Layer Security (TLS) extensions
RFC 3579 RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 3580 IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 3748 PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4251 Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4252 Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4253 Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 4254 Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol

Services

RFC 854 Telnet protocol specification
RFC 855 Telnet option specifications
RFC 857 Telnet echo option
RFC 858 Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091 Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350 Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)
RFC 1985 SMTP service extension
RFC 2049 MIME
RFC 2131 DHCPv4 (server, relay and client)
RFC 2132 DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616 Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821 Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822 Internet message format
RFC 3046 DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP option 82)
RFC 3315 DHCPv6 (server, relay and client)
RFC 3633 IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646 DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 3993 Subscriber-ID suboption for DHCP relay agent option
RFC 4330 Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) version 4
RFC 5905 Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP)
IEEE 802.1ad Provider bridges (VLAN stacking, Q-in-Q)
IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges
IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port
IEEE 802.3ac VLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)

LLDP-MED ANSI/TIA-1057
Voice VLAN

Ordering Information

Switches

AT-x930-28GTX-00
24-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-28GPX-00
24-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-28GSTX-00
24-port 10/100/1000T and 100/1000 SFP stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-52GTX-00
48-port 10/100/1000T stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

AT-x930-52GPX-00
48-port 10/100/1000T PoE+ stackable switch with 4 SFP+ ports and dual hotswap PSU bays

Power Supplies (for all models)

AT-PWR150-xx*
150W system power supply

AT-PWR250-xx**
250W system power supply

AT-PWR250-80**
250W DC system power supply

AT-PWR800-xx**
800W PoE+ power supply

AT-PWR1200-xx**
1200W PoE+ power supply

StackQS module

Fan accessories

AT-FAN09
Spare x930 fan module

AT-FAN09ADP
Spare x930 fan adaptor board

Where xx = 10 for US power cord
20 for no power cord
30 for UK power cord
40 for Australian power cord
50 for European power cord

* The AT-PWR150 will be available Q3 2015
** Power supplies must be ordered separately

40G QSFP+ Modules

AT-StackQS
2 x QSFP+ stacking module

AT-QSFP1CU (use with AT-StackQS module)
1 meter QSFP+ direct attach stacking cable

10G Expansion Module

AT-x9EM/XT4*
4 x 10GBASE-T expansion module

10G SFP+ Modules
(Note that any Allied Telesis 10G SFP+ module can be used for stacking with the front panel 10G ports)

AT-SP10SR**
10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF

AT-SP10SR/I
10GSR 850 nm short-haul, 300 m with MMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LRM
10GLRM 1310 nm short-haul, 220 m with MMF

AT-SP10LR**
10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF

AT-SP10LR/I
10GLR 1310 nm medium-haul, 10 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10LR20/I
10GER 1310nm long-haul, 20 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ER40/I**
10GER 1310nm long-haul, 40 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10ZR80/I**
10GER 1550nm long-haul, 80 km with SMF industrial temperature

AT-SP10TW1
1 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW3
3 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

AT-SP10TW7
7 meter SFP+ direct attach cable

100Mbps SFP Modules
100Mbps SFP modules are only compatible with the SFP ports on the AT-x930-28GSTX switch)

AT-SPFX/2
100FX multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPFX/15
100FX single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 15 km

AT-SPFXBD-LC-13
100BX Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1550 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPFXBD-LC-15
100BX Bi-Di (1550 nm Tx, 1310nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPTX
1000T 100 m copper

AT-SPSX
1000SX GbE multi-mode 850 nm fiber up to 550 m

AT-SPEX
1000X GbE multi-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 2 km

AT-SPLX10
1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX10/I
1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 10 km industrial temperature

AT-SPBD10-13
1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1310 nm Tx, 1490 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPBD10-14
1000LX GbE Bi-Di (1490 nm Tx, 1310 nm Rx) fiber up to 10 km

AT-SPLX40
1000LX GbE single-mode 1310 nm fiber up to 40 km

AT-SPZX80
1000ZX GbE single-mode 1550 nm fiber up to 80 km

Feature Licenses

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES	STACK LICENSING
AT-FL-x930-01	x930 premium license	» OSPF » BGP4 » PIMv4-SM, DM and SSM » VLAN double tagging (Q-in-Q) » RIPng » OSPFv3 » BGP4+ » MLDv1 and v2 » PIMv6-SM and SSM » VRF lite (64 domains) » RADIUS Full	» One license per stack member
AT-FL-x930-WM20	Wireless Manager License	» Manage up to 20 TQ-series wireless access points	» One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-WM40	Wireless Manager License	» Manage up to 40 TQ-series wireless access points	» One license per stack
AT-FL-x930-AM20	AMF Master License	» AMF Master for networks of up to 20 nodes	» One license per stack

* The AT-x9EM/XT4 will be available Q3 2015
** These modules support dual-rate 1G/10G operation

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